## COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS AND ELECTION PRACTICES

## PENALTY MATRIX FOR LATE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE REPORT FILINGS

## BASIS FOR PENALTIES 21-A M.R.S.A. Section 1062-A

The penalty for filing a required report late is a percentage of the total contributions or expenditures for the filing period, whichever is greater, multiplied by the number of calendar days the report is filed late, as follows:

For the first violation, 1% For the second violation, 3% For the third and each subsequent violation, 5%

Example: The treasurer files the PACs report two (2) calendar days late. The PAC has not had any previous late filings in the past 2 years. The PAC reports a total of \$2,500 in contributions and \$1,500 in expenditures for the filing period. The penalty is calculated as follows:		
\$2,500	Greater of the amount of total contributions received or expenditures made during the filing period.	
<u>X .01</u>	Percent prescribed for first violation	
\$25.00	One percent of total contributions	
<u>x 2</u>	Number of calendar days late	
\$50.00	Total penalty Commission may assess	

Your penalty is calculated as follows:		
Contributions/Expenditures	\$	
Percent prescribed:	<u>X</u>	
	\$	
Number of days late:	<u>X</u>	
Total penalty accrued:	\$	

A penalty begins to accrue at 5:00 p.m. on the day the report is due.

Any penalty of less than \$5 is waived.

Violations accumulate on reports with filing deadlines in a 2-year period that begins on January 1st of each even-numbered year. Waiver of a penalty does not nullify the finding of a violation.

A required report that is sent by certified or registered United States mail and postmarked at least 2 days before the deadline is not subject to penalty.

## MAXIMUM PENALTIES 21-A M.R.S.A. Section 1062-A(4)

\$10,000 for 6-day pre-election reports, 42-day post-election reports, and 24-Hour reports; \$5,000 for quarterly reports.